# 0604H1: Fracture

# **HW Exam-I: Topics Related to Fracture**

Due Monday, Dec 06, 2021

#### 1.

Explain why the mechanical energy for driving the crack forward can be equated to the *increase* in the stored elastic energy around the microcrack. Be explicit as to how an increase in energy can compensate for the work done to advance the crack.

#### 2.

Please write less than one page on (i) why the stress intensity factor is important in engineering, and (ii) why it helps in understanding the atomistic/microstructural mechanism/criterion of fracture at the crack tip.

Please make use of equations and sketches to make your arguments.

## 3.

In class we derived the result that

$$K_{IC} = \sigma \sqrt{c} \tag{1}$$

where  $\sigma$  is the tensile stress felt by a penny shaped crack in a body.

Now consider a ribbon shaped crack of width "c" in a body. This is now a two-dimensional problem (rather than the three-dimensional problem of the penny shaped crack).

Derive the equation for  $K_{\scriptscriptstyle IC}$  for this configuration of the crack.

## 4.

This problem is related to the displacement and stress fields at the crack tip as a function of the applied  $K_I$ , and the position relative to the tip of the crack expressed as  $(r,\theta)$ .

Carefully derive Eq. (5) in the notes,  $\sigma_{yy}^*(\theta=0,r=\Omega^{1/3})=\frac{K_{IC}}{\sqrt{2\pi\Omega^{1/3}}}$ , explaining, carefully, the assumptions and steps in the derivation.